STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2nd Session of the 60th Legislature (2026)

HOUSE BILL 2944 By: Hall

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AS INTRODUCED

An Act relating to the Strong Readers Act; creating the Oklahoma Reading Excellence through Accountability, Development, and Standards (READS) Act; amending 70 O.S. 2021, Section 1210.508C, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 297, O.S.L. 2025 (70 O.S. Supp. 2025, Section 1210.508C), which relates to reading assessments; requiring a Student Reading Proficiency Team to include certain coach, if assigned; removing language allowing certain students to demonstrate proficiency on certain screening instruments; requiring retention of certain thirdgrade students who do not meet certain grade-level targets on certain statewide assessment and do not qualify for certain exemption; directing certain performance levels to ensure students are meeting certain criteria; requiring school districts to include certain information in annual report; providing good-cause exemptions for promotion of certain students; providing process for evaluation of good-cause exemption requests; directing certain intervention services to be provided to certain students subject to retention; allowing a school district to provide an intensive acceleration class for retained third-grade students; requiring the State Department of Education to employ literacy coaches; providing qualifications for literacy coach; providing for assignment and duties of literacy coaches; updating statutory language; updating statutory references; amending 70 O.S. 2021, Section 1210.508D, as amended by Section 6, Chapter 411, O.S.L. 2024 (70 O.S. Supp. 2025, Section 1210.508D), which relates to Strong Readers Act funding; directing allocation for certain retained students; amending 70 O.S. 2021, Section 1210.508E, as amended by Section 7, Chapter 411, O.S.L. 2024 (70 O.S. Supp.

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rather than allowing, a teacher to recommend a summer academy for students in certain grades; requiring school districts beginning in certain summer to provide a summer academy or other program to certain students; requiring administration of certain alternative assessment by certain date; providing for promotion of students who attend certain academy or other program; requiring school districts to notify the State Department of Education by certain date regarding offering of summer academy or other program; providing for noncodification; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

2025, Section 1210.508E), which relates to summer

academies; updating statutory language; requiring,

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law not to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows:

This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma Reading Excellence through Accountability, Development, and Standards (READS) Act".

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2021, Section 1210.508C, as last amended by Section 2, Chapter 297, O.S.L. 2025 (70 O.S. Supp. 2025, Section 1210.508C), is amended to read as follows:

Section 1210.508C. A. To identify students who have a

deficiency in reading or who have characteristics of dyslexia that lead to or cause reading difficulty, each student enrolled in kindergarten and first, second, and third grade in a public school in this state shall be screened at the beginning, middle, and end of each school year for reading skills including, but not limited to,

phonological awareness, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and
comprehension. A screening instrument approved by the State Board
of Education, in consultation with the Commission for Educational
Quality and Accountability and the Secretary of Education, shall be
utilized for the purposes of this section. In determining which
screening instrument to approve, the State Board of Education, the
Commission for Educational Quality and Accountability, and the
Secretary of Education shall take into consideration at a minimum
the following factors:

1. The time required to conduct the screening instrument with the intention of minimizing the impact on instructional time;

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- 2. The timeliness in reporting screening instrument results to teachers, administrators, and parents and legal guardians of students; and
- 3. The integration of the screening instrument into reading curriculum.
- B. Beginning in the 2025-2026 school year, the State Board of Education shall approve no fewer more than three screening instruments for use at the beginning, middle, and end of the school year for monitoring of progress and for measurement of reading skills as required in subsection A of this section. The screening instruments shall meet the following criteria:
- Assess for phonological awareness, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension;

- 2. Document the validity and reliability of each assessment;
- 3. Can be used for identifying students who are at risk for reading deficiency and progress monitoring throughout the school year;
- 4. Can be used to assess students with disabilities and English language learners; and
- 5. Accompanied by a data management system that provides profiles of each student, class, grade level, and school building. The profiles shall identify each student's instructional point of need and reading achievement level. The State Board shall also determine other comparable reading assessments for diagnostic purposes to be used for students at risk of reading failure.
- C. 1. Exemptions to the screening requirements of this section may be provided to students who have documented evidence that they meet at least one of the following criteria as related to the provision of classroom instruction:
 - a. the student participates in the Oklahoma Alternate
 Assessment Program (OAAP) and is taught using
 alternate methods,
 - b. the student's primary expressive or receptive communication is sign language,
 - c. the student's primary form of written or read text is Braille, or

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d. the student's primary expressive or receptive language is not English, the student is identified as an English learner using a state-approved identification assessment, and the student has had less than one (1) school year of instruction in an English-learner program.

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- 2. A public school that grants an exemption pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection shall provide ongoing evidence of student progression toward English language acquisition with the same frequency as administration of screening assessments. Evidence may include, but not be limited to, student progression toward OAAP reading essential elements, proficiency in sign language and reading comprehension, and proficiency in Braille and reading comprehension.
- D. 1. Students who are administered a screening instrument pursuant to subsection A of this section and are found not to be meeting grade-level targets shall be provided a program of reading instruction designed to enable students to acquire the appropriate grade-level reading skills. The program of reading instruction shall be based on scientific reading research and align with the subject matter standards adopted by the State Board of Education. A program of reading instruction shall include:
 - a. sufficient additional in-school instructional time for the acquisition of phonological awareness, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension,

b. if necessary and if funding is available, tutorial instruction after regular school hours, on Saturdays, and during summer; however, such instruction may not be counted toward the one-hundred-eighty-day one-hundred-eighty-one-day or one-thousand-eighty-hour one-thousand-eighty-six-hour school year required in Section 1-109 of this title,

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- c. assessments identified for diagnostic purposes and periodic monitoring to measure the acquisition of reading skills including, but not limited to, phonological awareness, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, as identified in the student's program of reading instruction,
- d. high-quality instructional materials grounded in scientifically based reading research, and
- e. a means of providing every family of a student in prekindergarten, kindergarten, and first, second, and third grade access to free online evidence-based literacy instruction resources to support the student's literacy development at home.
- 2. A student enrolled in kindergarten or first, second, or third grade who exhibits a deficiency in reading at any time based on the screening instrument administered pursuant to subsection A of this section shall receive an individual reading intervention plan

no later than thirty (30) days after the identification of the deficiency in reading. The reading intervention plan shall be provided in addition to core reading instruction that is provided to all students. The reading intervention plan shall:

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- a. describe the research-based reading intervention services the student will receive to remedy the deficiency in reading,
- b. provide explicit and systematic instruction in phonological awareness, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension, as applicable,
- c. monitor the reading progress of each student's reading skills throughout the school year and adjust instruction according to the student's needs, and
- d. continue until the student is determined to be meeting grade-level targets in reading based on screening instruments administered pursuant to subsection A of this section or assessments identified for diagnostic purposes and periodic monitoring pursuant to subparagraph c of paragraph 1 of this subsection.
- 3. The reading intervention plan for each student identified with a deficiency in reading shall be developed by a Student Reading Proficiency Team and shall include supplemental instructional services and supports. Each team shall be composed of:

a. the parent parent(s) or legal guardian guardian(s) of
the student,

b. the teacher assigned to the student who had responsibility for reading instruction in that academic year,

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- c. a teacher who is responsible for reading instruction and is assigned to teach in the next grade level of the student, and
- d. a certified reading specialist or an individual with advanced training or specialization in literacy instruction, if one is available, and
- e. the literacy coach assigned to the school district in accordance with the provisions of subsection O of this section, if one is assigned.
- 4. A school district shall notify the parent parent(s) or legal guardian guardian(s) of any student in kindergarten or first, second, or third grade who exhibits a deficiency in reading at any time based on the screening instrument administered pursuant to subsection A of this section. The notification shall occur no later than thirty (30) days after the identification of the deficiency in reading.
- E. 1. Every school district shall adopt and implement a district strong readers plan which has had input from school administrators, teachers, and parents and legal guardians and if

possible a reading specialist, and which shall be submitted electronically to and approved by the State Board of Education. plan shall be updated annually. School districts shall not be required to electronically submit the annual updates to the Board if the last plan submitted to the Board was approved and expenditures for the program include only expenses relating to individual and small group tutoring, purchase of and training in the use of screening and assessment measures, summer school programs, and Saturday school programs. If any expenditure for the program is deleted or changed or any other type of expenditure for the program is implemented, the school district shall be required to submit the latest annual update to the Board for approval. The district strong readers plan shall include a plan for each site which includes an analysis of the data provided by the Oklahoma School Testing Program and other reading assessments utilized as required in this section, and which outlines how each school site will comply with the provisions of the Strong Readers Act.

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- 2. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules for the implementation and evaluation of the provisions of the Strong Readers Act. The evaluation shall include, but not be limited to, an analysis of the data required in subsection $\frac{1}{2}$ P of this section.
- F. 1. Any first-grade, second-grade, or third-grade student who demonstrates proficiency in reading through a grade-level appropriate screening instrument approved pursuant to subsection B

of this section shall not require a program of reading instruction or an individual reading intervention plan. After a student has demonstrated proficiency through a screening instrument, the district shall provide notification to the parent or legal guardian of the student that he or she has satisfied the requirements of the Strong Readers Act. The district shall continue to monitor the student in the next successive grade level to ensure he or she maintains proficiency.

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- 2. Beginning with the 2025-2026 school year, if a third-grade student is identified at any point of the academic year as having a significant reading deficiency, which shall be defined as not meeting grade-level targets on a screening instrument administered pursuant to subsection A of this section, the district shall provide the student with intensive intervention services for the appropriate amount of the instructional day consistent with the individual reading intervention plan developed pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection D of this section and as determined by the Student Reading Proficiency Team. Intensive intervention services shall continue until the student demonstrates proficiency at his or her grade level based on a screening instrument administered pursuant to subsection A of this section.
- G. Beginning with the 2027-2028 school year, if a student has not met grade-level performance based on scores for the standards for reading foundations and processes and the vocabulary portions of

the statewide third-grade assessment administered pursuant to 1 Section 1210.508 of this title or is not subject to a good-cause 2 exemption as provided for in subsection K of this section, he or she 3 shall be retained in the third grade and provided intensive intervention services and supports as provided for in subsection M of this section. The performance levels established by the 6 Commission for Educational Quality and Accountability pursuant to 7 Section 1210.508 of this title shall ensure that students meeting 9 the performance level criteria are performing at grade level on the 10 reading foundations and processes and the vocabulary portions of the 11 statewide third-grade assessment.

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H. Each school district shall annually report in an electronic format to the State Department of Education, the Office of Educational Quality and Accountability, and the Secretary of Education the number of third-grade students retained pursuant to this section, the number of third-grade students promoted to the fourth grade due to a good-cause exemption as provided for in subsection K of this section by each category of good cause, the number of students in kindergarten through third grade per grade level who exhibit grade-level reading proficiency, the number of students per grade level who received intensive intervention services pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section, the number of students per grade level who attended a summer academy as provided for in Section 1210.508E of this title, the number of

students per grade level who exhibited improved reading proficiency after completion of intensive intervention services, and the number of students per grade level who are still in need of intensive intervention services. The State Department of Education shall publicly report the aggregate and district-specific numbers submitted pursuant to this subsection on its website and shall provide electronic copies of the report to the Governor, Secretary of Education, President Pro Tempore of the Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and to the respective chairs of the committees with responsibility for common education policy in each legislative chamber.

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- H. I. The parent parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of any student who is found to have a reading deficiency and is not meeting grade-level reading targets and has been provided a program of reading instruction as provided for in paragraph 1 of subsection D of this section shall be notified in writing of the following:
- 1. That the student has been identified as having a substantial deficiency in reading;
- 2. A description of the current services that are provided to the student pursuant to subsection D of this section;
- 3. A description of the proposed intensive intervention services and supports that will be provided to the student that are designed to remediate the identified area of reading deficiency as provided for in paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section;

4. That a student who is shall not be promoted to the fourth grade if he or she has not met grade-level performance based on scores for the standards for reading foundations and processes and the vocabulary portions of the statewide third-grade assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title unless the student qualifies for a good-cause exemption as provided for in subsection K of this section. A student who is promoted due to a good-cause exemption shall receive supplemental intensive intervention services;

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- 5. Strategies for parents to use in helping their child succeed in reading proficiency; and
 - 6. The grade-level performance scores of the student.
- $\overline{\text{J.}}$ No student may be assigned to a grade level based solely on age or other factors that constitute social promotion.
- J. K. For those students who have not met grade-level performance based on scores for the standards for reading foundations and processes and the vocabulary portions of the statewide third-grade assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title, a school district may promote the student for good cause only. Good-cause exemptions for promotion shall be limited to the following:
- 1. English language learners who have had fewer than two (2) years of instruction in an English language learner program;

2. Students with disabilities whose individualized education
program (IEP), consistent with state law, indicates that the student
is to be assessed with alternate achievement standards through the
OAAP;

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- 3. Students who demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized reading assessment approved by the State Board of Education. A student shall be provided one opportunity during the school year and one opportunity during the summer pursuant to the provisions of Section 1210.508E of this title to demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized reading assessment;
- 4. Students with disabilities who participate in the statewide assessments administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title and who have an IEP that reflects that the students have received intensive remediation in reading and have made adequate progress in reading pursuant to the student's IEP; and
- 5. Students who have received intensive remediation in reading through a program of reading instruction for two (2) or more years but still demonstrate a deficiency in reading and who were previously retained in third grade.
- L. 1. To request a good-cause exemption as provided for in subsection K of this section, a third-grade student's teacher shall submit documentation to the school principal that indicates the promotion of the student is appropriate and is based on the

student's record. The documentation shall consist of the specific good-cause exemption being requested and shall clearly prove that the student is eligible for the exemption.

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- 2. The principal shall review and discuss the recommendation with the teacher and the third-grade student's parent(s) or legal guardian(s) and shall make a recommendation in writing to the school district superintendent as to whether the student shall be promoted.
- 3. After review, the school district superintendent shall accept or reject the recommendation of the principal in writing.
- 4. The parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of a third-grade student who is eligible for a good-cause exemption may choose that the student be retained for one (1) year even if the school district superintendent accepts a recommendation for a good-cause exemption pursuant to this subsection.
- M. Third-grade students who are subject to retention pursuant to the provisions of this section shall receive a minimum of ninety (90) minutes each school day of scientifically research-based intensive intervention services that include instruction in phonological awareness, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension and other strategies prescribed by a school district which may include, but are not limited to:
 - 1. Small group instruction;
 - Reduced teacher-to-student ratios;

1	3. Tutoring in scientifically research-based reading services
2	in addition to the ninety (90) minutes required by this subsection;
3	4. The option of transition classes;
4	5. Extended school day, week, or year;
5	6. Summer reading academies, as provided for in Section
6	1210.508E of this title; and
7	7. Placement of the student in a classroom with a teacher rated
8	superior or highly effective in accordance with the Oklahoma Teacher
9	and Leader Effectiveness Evaluation System.
10	N. Each school district may provide an intensive acceleration
11	class for retained third-grade students. The focus of the intensive
12	acceleration class shall be to increase the reading level of a
13	student at least two grade levels in one school year. The intensive
1 4	acceleration class shall provide reading instruction and
15	intervention for the majority of student contact each school day and
16	incorporate opportunities to master fourth-grade subject matter
17	standards in core academic areas.
18	O. 1. The State Department of Education shall employ literacy
19	coaches to assist in implementing the provisions of this act. Each
2 0	literacy coach shall:
21	a. (1) hold a master's degree in education with three

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teaching reading, or

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(3) years of documented successful experience

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(2) hold a bachelor's degree with five (5) years of
documented successful experience teaching reading
with a minimum of three (3) years of literacy
experience at the state, district, or school
level,

- b. have a valid certificate to teach issued by the State
 Board of Education,
- c. have experience delivering professional development specific to literacy instruction, mentoring and coaching classroom teachers, leading others in a collaborative process, and analyzing and using student performance data for instructional purposes, and
- d. be trained and be competent to train others in science-of-reading-based literary instruction including, but not limited to, phonological awareness, decoding, fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension.
- 2. The State Department of Education shall assign literacy coaches to school districts that are identified by the Department based on the number and percentage of students scoring in the lowest two performance levels on the standards for reading foundations and processes and the vocabulary portions of the statewide third-grade assessment administered pursuant to Section 1210.508 of this title.
- 3. Literacy coaches assigned to school districts pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall:

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a. provide daily technical support to teachers
responsible for reading instruction and reading
specialists,

- <u>assist administrators</u>, teachers responsible for reading instruction, and reading specialists in addressing grade-specific curriculum,
- design and conduct professional development to meet
 the needs of teachers responsible for reading
 instruction and reading specialists,
- d. provide clear, practical, timely, and candid written and oral feedback to teachers responsible for reading instruction and reading specialists, and
- e. meet regularly with teachers responsible for reading instruction, reading specialists, and principals to review data and make recommendations for adjustments in instructional practices.
- P. 1. Each school district board of education shall annually publish on the school website and report electronically to the State Department of Education, the Office of Educational Quality and Accountability, and the Secretary of Education by September 1 of each year the following information on the prior school year:
 - a. the policies and procedures adopted by the school district board of education to implement the provisions of this section. The information submitted

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shall include expenditures related to implementing the provisions of this section, the number of staff implementing the provisions of this section, and average daily classroom time devoted to implementing the provisions of this section,

- b. by grade, the number and percentage of all students in kindergarten through third grade who did not meet grade-level targets based on a screening instrument administered pursuant to subsection A of this section,
- c. by grade, the number and percentage of all students in kindergarten through third grade who have been enrolled in the district for fewer than two (2) years,
- d. by grade, the number and percentage of students in kindergarten through third grade who demonstrated grade-level proficiency based on a screening instrument administered pursuant to subsection A of this section, and
- e. by grade, the number and percentage of students in kindergarten through third grade who are on an individualized education program (IEP) in accordance with the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) and who demonstrated grade-level proficiency based on a screening instrument administered pursuant

to subsection A of this section or an alternative assessment prescribed by the student's IEP.

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- 2. The State Department of Education shall establish a uniform format for school districts to report the information required in this subsection. The format shall be developed with input from school districts and shall be provided not later than ninety (90) days prior to the annual due date. The Department shall annually compile the information required, along with state-level summary information, and electronically report the information to the public, the Governor, the Secretary of Education, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- $K.\ Q.$ The State Department of Education shall provide technical assistance as needed to aid school districts in administering the provisions of the Strong Readers Act.
- H. R. On or before January 31 of each year, the State

 Department of Education shall electronically submit to the Governor,

 the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of

 Representatives, and members of the committees with responsibility

 over common education in both houses of the Legislature a Strong

 Readers Report which shall include, but is not limited to, trend

 data detailing three (3) years of data, disaggregated by student

 subgroups to include economically disadvantaged, major racial or

ethnic groups, students with disabilities, and English language learners, as appropriate for the following:

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- 1. The statewide aggregate number and percentage of students in kindergarten through third grade determined to be at risk for reading difficulties compared to the total number of students enrolled in each grade;
- 2. The statewide aggregate number and percentage of students in kindergarten who continue to be at risk for reading difficulties as determined by the year-end administration of the screening instrument required in subsection A of this section;
- 3. The statewide aggregate number and percentage of students in kindergarten through third grade who have successfully completed their program of reading instruction and are reading on grade level as determined by the results of screening instruments administered pursuant to subsection A of this section;
- 4. The statewide aggregate and district-specific number and percentage of students that meet or do not meet grade-level targets for reading based on screening instruments administered pursuant to subsection A of this section;
- 5. The amount of funds received by each district for implementation of the Strong Readers Act;
- 6. An evaluation and narrative interpretation of the report data analyzing the impact of the Strong Readers Act on students' ability to read at grade level;

7. The type of reading instruction practices and methods currently being used by school districts in the state;

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- 8. Socioeconomic information, access to reading resources outside of school, and screening for and identification of learning disabilities for students not reading at the appropriate grade level in kindergarten and first through third grade;
- 9. By grade level, the types of intensive intervention efforts being conducted by school districts for students who are not on an IEP and who are not reading at the appropriate grade level and for students who are on an IEP and who are not reading at the appropriate grade level; and
- 10. Any recommendations for improvements or amendments to the Strong Readers Act.

The State Department of Education may contract with an independent entity for the reporting and analysis requirements of this subsection.

- M. S. Copies of the results of the screening instruments administered pursuant to subsection A of this section shall be made a part of the permanent record of each student.
- SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2021, Section 1210.508D, as amended by Section 6, Chapter 411, O.S.L. 2024 (70 O.S. Supp. 2025, Section 1210.508D), is amended to read as follows:
- Section 1210.508D. A. Contingent on the provision of appropriated funds designated for the Strong Readers Act, school

districts may be allocated monies for each enrolled kindergarten student or first-, second-, and third-grade student of the current school year, including any student who has been retained in the third grade pursuant to Section 1210.508C of this title, who is found to be in need of remediation or intensive intervention services in reading. The allocation shall be distributed to each school district upon approval of the strong readers plan for the school district by the State Board of Education and the submittal of a child-count report to the State Department of Education that details the number of students identified as needing remediation or intensive intervention services in reading. To determine a perstudent allocation amount, the total amount of funds available for allocation each year shall be divided by the total number of students in the state identified as in need of remediation or intensive intervention services in reading as provided for in Section 1210.508C of this title. Each school district shall be allocated an amount equal to the per-student allocation amount multiplied by the number of identified students enrolled in the school district.

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B. Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, districts receiving more than Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) pursuant to subsection A of this section shall spend no less than ten percent (10%) to provide professional development for teachers teaching prekindergarten through grade five. The professional

- development shall include training in the science of reading
 including how students learn to read; training in providing explicit
 and systematic instruction in phonological awareness, decoding,
 fluency, vocabulary, and comprehension; implementing reading
 strategies that research has shown to be successful in improving
 reading among students with reading difficulties; and instructional
 materials required for implementation.
 - C. By June 30, 2022, the Department shall approve and publish a list of professional development programs that are evidence-based and directly address the cognitive science of how students learn to read for which districts are permitted to use the funds received under this section.

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- D. If a teacher attends and completes a professional development institute in elementary reading approved by the Commission for Educational Quality and Accountability during the summer or when school is not in session, the teacher may receive a stipend equal to the amount of the cost for a substitute teacher, based on the amount of funds allocated.
- SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 70 O.S. 2021, Section 1210.508E, as amended by Section 7, Chapter 411, O.S.L. 2024 (70 O.S. Supp. 2025, Section 1210.508E), is amended to read as follows:

 Section 1210.508E. A. If a teacher determines that a student

level by the end of the second quarter of the school year, the

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in kindergarten or first through third grade is not reading at grade

parent parent(s) or legal guardian guardian(s) of the student shall
be notified of:

1. The reading level of the student;

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- 2. The program of reading instruction for the student as required pursuant to the Strong Readers Act; and
- 3. The potential need for the student to participate in a summer academy or other program designed to assist the student in attaining grade-level reading skills.
- B. A teacher who determines a student in kindergarten or first through third grade is not meeting grade-level targets for reading may shall, after consultation with the parent parent(s) or legal guardian guardian(s) of the student, recommend that the student participate in and complete a summer academy or other program.
- C. Summer academy programs shall be designed to ensure that participating students successfully complete grade-level competencies in reading to enhance next-grade readiness. A summer academy reading program shall be a program that incorporates the content of a scientifically research-based professional development program administered by the Commission for Educational Quality and Accountability or a scientifically research-based reading program administered by the State Board of Education and is taught by teachers who have successfully completed professional development in the reading program or who are certified as reading specialists.

D. School districts may approve an option for students who are unable to attend a summer academy. The optional program may include, but is not limited to, an approved private provider of instruction, approved computer- or Internet-based instruction, or an approved program of reading instruction monitored by the parent parent(s) or legal guardian guardian(s). School districts shall not be required to pay for the optional program but shall clearly communicate to the parent parent(s) or legal guardian guardian(s) the expectations of the program and any costs that may be involved.

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- E. 1. Beginning with the summer following completion of the 2027-2028 school year, each school district in this state shall provide an in-person summer academy or other program to students who:
 - a. do not meet grade-level performance based on scores
 for the standards for reading foundations and
 processes and the vocabulary portions of the statewide
 third-grade assessment administered pursuant to
 Section 1210.508 of this title, and
 - b. do not demonstrate an acceptable level of performance on an alternative standardized reading assessment when taken the first time during the student's third-grade year in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 3 of subsection K of Section 1210.508C of this title.

2. Students who participate in a summer academy or other program pursuant to the provisions of this subsection shall be given an alternative standardized reading assessment approved by the State Board of Education pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 3 of subsection K of Section 1210.508C of this title prior to July 1. A student who demonstrates an acceptable level of performance on the assessment shall be promoted to the fourth grade.

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3. The summer academy or other program provided pursuant to this subsection may be offered in cooperation with other school districts or a public library or by contracting with a nonprofit education organization. School districts shall notify the State Department of Education by December 1, 2028, and each December 1 thereafter, of its plan to provide a summer academy or other program.

<u>F.</u> Subject to the availability of funds, beginning one (1) year after implementation of this section, the requirements of subsection B of this section may be expanded to apply to students in fourth grade. Each year thereafter, the requirements may be expanded by one grade level until the requirements apply to third-grade students through eighth-grade students. Summer academy programs shall be designed for each grade level. Nothing in this section shall prevent the State Board of Education or a school district board of education from utilizing private, local, or federal funds to implement this section.

F. G. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to 1 implement the provisions of this section which shall include 2 requirements for instructional time for summer academy programs, 3 teacher qualifications, and evaluation of student achievement as a result of summer academy programs or other optional programs. SECTION 5. This act shall become effective July 1, 2026. 6 SECTION 6. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, an emergency is hereby 9 declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval. 10 11 60-2-14088 12/11/25 12 SW 1.3 1 4 15 16 17 18 19 2 0 21 22 2 3

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